

# Metra 165 Digital multimeter



#### Application

It is Analog Digital Multimeter which measures VAC, VDC, VAC+DC, Frequency, mA DC, mA (AC+DC), Resistance, continuity, Diode, Farad, AC current measurement.



#### **Product Features**

#### Automatic Terminal Blocking System (ABS)

The automatic Terminal blocking system prevents incorrect connection of the test leads and incorrect selection of the measured quantity. This reduces danger to the user, the meter and the system to a remarkable extent.

#### Interface And Software com 100

The multimeters are fitted with a serial RS-232 C interface via which the measured values can be transmitted to a PC. These values, electrically isolated, are transmitted to the attachable interface adaptor with infrared light through the case\*

#### MIN/MAX Value Storage

In addition to the display of the actual measured value, the minimum or maximum value can constantly be updated and stored.

### Indication Of Negative Values On The Analog Scale

When measuring DC quantities, also negative values are shown on the analog scale so that variations of the measured value can be observed at the zero point.

## Indication Of Negative Values On The Analog Scale

The measuring principle employed permits the measurement of the root-mean-square value (TRMS) of AC quantities and mixed quantities (AC and DC) regardless of the waveform.

#### Automatic Data Hold\*

The DATA HOLD function makes it possible to hold the digitally displayed measured value. According to a patented method, it is ensured that no freak value but the actual measured value is held in the case of rapid changes in measured quantities. The held measured value appears on the digital display. The actual measured value continues to be shown on the analog scale.

#### Autoranging / Manual Range Selection

The measured values are selected with rotary switch. The measuring range is automatically matched to the measured value. The measuring range can also be selected manually via the AUTO/MAN push button.

#### **Continuity Test**

This permits testing for short circuit and open circuit. In addition to the display, a facility of sound signal is available.

#### Temperature Measurement

It is possible to use all models of multi series, in direct connection of temperature sensor Pt 100 / Pt 1000. The meters automatically detects the type of sensors connected to it  $\theta$  displays directly measured temperature.

#### Signalling in the case of a blown fuse

The display FUSE points to a blown fuse.

#### Power economizing circuit

The meter disconnects automatically when the measured value remains unchanged for about 10 minutes and no operating control was operated during this time. The disconnection facility can be disabled.

#### Overload Warning

A sound signal indication violation of the overload limits.

#### Protective holster for rough duty

A holster of soft rubber with tilt stand protects the meter against damage in the case of shock and drop. The rubber material makes for the meter to stand firmly even on vibrating surface.

#### Calibration

Automatic calibration is done through a developed calibration software with RS232 connection to the multimeter. Every multimeter is provided with the Test Certificate which is traceable to National / International standards.

#### **Specifications**

Meas.				Resolution	Input impedance			Inherent deviation of the digital display <u>+</u> (% of meas. val. +digits)  for reference condition				4) Overload capacity		Measuring function				
	RISH <i>Multi</i>	128	135	148	15S	168					128	13S	148	15S	16S	Overload value	Overload duration	1
		•	•	•	•	•	40.004		100 0 // - 1/	) - F	120		+3 <sup>5)</sup>	100	0.5 + 3 <sup>5)</sup>	value	duration	
	30.00 mV	•	•	•	•	•	10 μV 100 μV	> 10G Ω // < 40 pF > 10G Ω // < 40 pF							1			
	300.0mV 3.000 V	-	•	•	<b> </b>	•	1 mV	11M Ω // < 40 pF			0.5 + 3 0.25 +1			0.5 + 3 0.1 + 1	1			
<b>V</b> ==	30.00 V	•	•	•	•	•	10 mV	10M Ω // < 40 pF				5+1		0.1 + 1	1000 V		<b>V</b> ==	
	300.0 V	•	•	•	•	•	100 mV	10M Ω // < 40 pF			0.25 + 1			0.1 + 1	1			
	1000 V	•	•	•	•	•	1 V		10M Ω// < 40 pF			0.25 + 1			0.1 + 1	DC		
		•	•	•	•	<b>1</b> )	1 mV				0.33 · 1			0.1.1	1	cont.		
	3.000 V	•	•	•	•	<b>●</b> 1)	10 mV	11M Ω // < 40 pF 10M Ω // < 40 pF			0.75 + 2(10 300 D)			0.75 + 3	AC			
<b>V~</b>	30.0 V 300.0 V	•	•	•	•	<b>1</b> )	10 mV	10M Ω // < 40 pF			0.75 + 2(10 300 D) 0.75 + 1 (> 300 D)			(> 10 D)	effective		<b>V</b> ~	
	1000 V	•	•	•	•	<b>•</b> 1)	1 V		$\frac{\text{OM }\Omega //<40}{\text{OM }\Omega //<40}$		0.70 * 7 (= 000 2)			' '	sinusoidal			
		Ť	<u> </u>	Ť	+-	_				p.					Siliusoluai			
	3.000 V		_	_	₩	<b>●</b> 1)	1 mV		$1M \Omega // < 40$						1			
V≅	30.00 V	-	<u> </u>	$\vdash$	-	<b>●</b> 1)	10 mV	10M Ω // < 40 pF						0.75 + 3 (> 10 D)				V≅
~	300.0 V		<u> </u>	-	-	<b>●</b> 1)	100 mV	10M Ω // < 40 pF										
	1000 V			_	╄	●1)	1 V	1	$0M \Omega // < 40$	pF								
					1			Voltag	ge drop. ap	prox.								
								128	13S	14S / 15S/16S								
		-		-	1-	-	400 - 4						10:0	(> 40E)	05.55.405			
	300.0 µA	•	•	•	•	•	100 nA		15 m\/	15 mV		=== = (- 10D)		(> 10D)	0.5 + 5 (> 10 D)			
_	3.000 mA		•	_	_	•	1 μΑ	15 mV	15 mV 150 mV	150 mV		- 5 (> 10D)		0 + 2	0.5 + 2	0.36 A	cont.	
<b>A</b> =	30.00 mA 300.0 mA	•	•	•	•	•	10 μA 100 μA	150 mV 1 V	150 mV	650 mV	- (	1.0	+ 2	5 (<10 D) 0.5 + 5 (> 10 D		1		<b>A</b> =
	3.000 MA 3.000 A	-	•	•	<b> </b>	•	100 μA		100 mV	100 mV				0.5 + 2 1.0 + 5 (> 10 D)				1
	10.00 A	_		_	_	_				270 mV		1.0 +	5 (> 10 D)		<del>                                     </del>	7)	7)	
	10.00 A	-	16A	•	•	•	10 mA		300/270mV				1.0 + 2		1.0 + 2			
	3.000 mA			•	•		1 µA			150 mV			1.5 + 2 (	> 10 D)		0.36 A	cont.	
A~	30.00 mA	•	•				10 µA	150 mV	150 mV		1.5 + 2 (>	10 D)				0.0074		A~
_	300.0 mA	•	•	•	•		100 µA	1 V	1 V	1 V		1.5	+ 2 (> 10D)					
	10.00 A		16A	•	•		10 mA		300/270mV	270 mV			1.5 + 2 (> 10	D)		7)	7)	
<b>A~</b>	30.00 A <sup>2)</sup>	•					10 mA	150 mV			1.5 + 2					0.36 A	cont.	<b>A</b> ~
><	300.0 A <sup>2)</sup>	•					100 mA	1 V			(> 10 D)					0.36 A	001111	<b>&gt;&lt;</b>
_	3.000 mA					<b>●</b> 1)	1 μΑ			150 mV					1.5 + 4 (> 10 D)	40.4		
Α≅	300.0 mA					<b>●</b> 1)	100 μΑ			1 V					1.5 + 4 (> 10 D)	12 A	10 min	<b>A</b> =
	10.00 A			_		<b>●</b> 1)	10 mA			270 mV					1.75 + 4 (> 10 D)			
								No-	load voltaç	je								
	30.00 Ω	•	•	•	•	•	10 m Ω		max. 3.2 V			0.5	5)		0.4 + 3 5)			
	300.0 Ω	-	•	•	•	•	100 m Ω		max. 3.2 V			0.5	+ 3		0.4 + 3	1000 V		
	3.000 k Ω	•	•	•	•	•	1Ω		max. 1.25 V	,	0.5 + 3			0.2 + 1	٦ ۵			
$\Omega$	30.00 k Ω	•	•	•	•	•	10 Ω		max. 1.25 V		0.4 + 1			0.2 + 1	DC	10 min	$\mid \Omega \mid$	
	300.0 k Ω	•	•	•	•	•	100 Ω		max. 1.25 V		0.4 + 1			0.2 + 1		l 10 min		
	3.000 M Ω	•	•	•	•	•	1kΩ	max. 1.25 V			0.6 + 1			0.4 + 1	AC effective			
	30.00 M Ω	•	•	•	•	•	10 k Ω	max. 1.25 V			2.0 + 1			2.0 + 1	sinusoidal			
<b>→</b>	2.000 V	•	•	•	•	•	1 mV		max. 3.2 V			0.25	0.25 + 1		Siliusoidai		<b>→</b>	
									Discharge resistance	U <sub>0 max</sub>								
	30.00 nF				•	•	10 pF		250 k Ω	2.5 V				- 1	0 + 3 6)	1000 V		
F	300.0 nF	-	$\vdash$	+	•	•	100 pF		250 k Ω	2.5 V					0+3	DC / AC		F
	3.000 HF				•	•	1 nF		25 k Ω	2.5 V					0+3	effective	10 min	
	30.00 HF		$\overline{}$		•	•	10 nF		25 k Ω	2.5 V					.0 + 3	sinusoidal		
								Sensor	F <sub>min</sub> V ===	F <sub>min</sub> V ~								
	300.0 Hz				•	•	0.1 Hz		1 Hz	45 Hz						≤ 3 kHz:		
Hz	3.000 kHz				•	•	1 Hz		1 Hz	45 Hz				0.5	i + 1 <sup>8)</sup>	1000V		Hz
	30.00 kHz			_	•	•	10 Hz		10 Hz	45 Hz						≤ 30 kHz:		
	100.0 kHz			_	•	•	100 Hz		100 Hz	100 Hz						300V	cont.	
%	2.0 98.0 %				•	•	0.1 %		1 Hz					1 Hz1	kHz: <u>+</u> 5 D <sup>9)</sup> Hz: <u>+</u> 5 D/kHz <sup>9)</sup>	≤100 kHz: 30 V		%
	- 200.0	•	•	•	•	•	0.1°C				2 Kelvin + 5 D <sup>10)</sup>				1000 V	v		
	+ 200.0°C	_		$\vdash$	+	$\vdash$		Pt 100		+					4	10 min		
°C	+ 200.0 + 850.0°C	•	•	•	•	•	0.1°C				1.0 + 5 10)				DC		°C	
	+ 200.0 °C + 200.0	•	•	•	•	•	0.1°C	Pt 1000			2 Kelvin + 2 D <sup>10)</sup>			AC effective sinusoidal				
1)	+ 850.0°C	•	•	•	•	•	0.1°C						1.0 + 2 10	,		amusoldal		

- 1) TRMS measurement
- 2) Direct display with clip-on transformer 1000:1
- 4) At 0 C... + 40 C<sup>0</sup>
- 5) With zero setting; w/o zero setting + 35 digits
- 6) With zero setting; w/o zero setting + 50 digits
- 7) Multi 13S (w/o 16 A fuse!) : 16A cont., 20A for 5 min; Multi 14S... 16S: 12A for 5 min, 16A for 30s
- 8) Range  $3 \text{ V} \text{ } \underline{\text{U}}_{\text{E}} = 1,5 \text{ Vrms...} 100 \text{ V}_{\text{rms}}$   $30 \text{ V} \text{ } \underline{\text{U}}_{\text{E}} = 15 \text{ Vrms...} 300 \text{ V}_{\text{rms}}$  $300 \text{ V} \text{ } \underline{\text{U}}_{\text{E}} = 150 \text{ Vrms...} 1000 \text{ Vrms}$
- 9) On the range 3V rectangular signal positive at one end 5 ... 15 V, f = const., not 163.84 Hz or integer multipe
- 10) Without sensor

## Reference conditionsMeasuring current with diode test and / or continuity test 185 Influence quantities and variations for 125... 165

Ambient temperature +23Co + 2K Relative humidity 45%... 55% Frequency of the mea- 45 Hz... 65 Hz

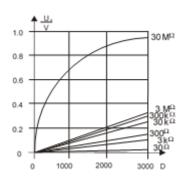
sured quantity

Waveform of the mea- Sinusoidal

sured quantity

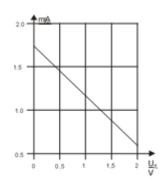
Battery voltage 8V + 0.1 V

## Measuring voltage with resistance measurement 12S ... 16S



Voltage U<sub>x</sub> across to be measured as a function of measuring range and display.

## Measuring current with diode test and / or continuity test 125 ... 165



Measuring current Ix as a function of the displayed voltage Ux on the device under test

Influence quantities and varuations for 12S ... 16S

Influence quantity	Influence range	Measured qu- antity/ measu- ring range	Variation <sup>1</sup> ±(% of meas. val. + digits)
		30/300 mV-	1+3
		3300 V-	0,15 + 1
		1000 V-	0,2 + 1
		V~	0,4 + 2
		300 uA <sup>2</sup>	0,5 + 1
		300 mA-	0,5 + 1
		3 A/10 (16) A-	0,5 + 1
_	0 °C +21°C	A~	0,75 + 1
Tempe-	and	$30~\Omega^2$	0,15 + 1
rature	+25°C+40°C	3 kΩ 3 MΩ	0,25 + 1
		30 MΩ	1 + 1
		30 nF <sup>2</sup> 3uF	0,5 + 2
		30 uF	2 + 2
		Hz	0,5 + 1
		%	±5 D
		-200+200 °C	0,5 K + 2
		+200 + 850 °C	0,5 K + 2

Influence	Influence range	Measured qu-	Variation 1
quantity		antity/ measu-	±(% of meas.
		ring range	val. + digits)
Fre-	>65Hz400Hz	3300V~	2+3
quency	>400Hz1kHz		2 +3
of the	30Hz<45Hz	1000V~	3 +3
meas-	>65Hz1kHz		
ured	>65Hz1kHz	A~	2+3
quantity			
		V–	±2D
		V~	±4D
		A-	±4D
Datta	⊣⊢ ³<7,9V >8,110V	A~	±6D
Battery voltage		30Ω/300Ω/°C	±4D
voltago	20,1101	3kΩ30MΩ	±3D
		nF, uF	±1D
		Hz	±1D
		%	±1D
Relative		V <u>~</u>	
humidity	75%	A <u>~</u>	1x Intrinsic er-
	3 days	Ω	ror
	Meter off	F	101
		Hz	
Data		%	±1D
		°C	
Min/Max		V <u>~</u> , A <u>~</u>	±2D

I With temperature; Error data is per IO K change in temperature. With frequency; Error data is valid from a display of 300 digits.

2 With zero setting

3 From the time the symbol " ⊣⊢ "appears.

#### Display

LCD field (65 mm x 30 mm) with analog indication and digital display and with annunciators for unit of measurement, function and various special functions.

Analog

Indication LCD scale with pointer

Scale length 55 mm on V- and A47 mm on all other ranges

Scaling + 5...O...+ 30 with 35 scale

divisions on-,

O...30 with 30 scale divisions on all other ranges With automatic reversal

Polarity indication Overrange indication Sampling rate

By triangle 20 readings/s On 10 readings/s

Digital

height of numerals 7 segment numerals /15mm

Number of counts multi 125...165,

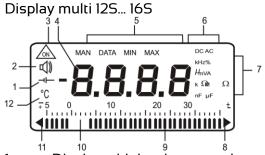
3¾ digit 3100 counts

Overange display "OL" is shown Polarity display "-" sign is shown,

When positive pole to "1"

Sampling rate 2 readings/s

On  $\Omega$  and °C:1 reading/s



- 1 Display with low battery voltage
- 2 Display with sound signal on
- 3 Symbol for "CONTINUOUSLY ON"
- 4 Digital display with indication of decimal point and polarity
- 5 Display with manual range selection as well as with data and MIN/MAX hold
- 6 Display of the selected function
- 7 Display of the unit of measurement
- 8 Display with overrange
- 9 Pointer for analog indication
- 10 Scale for analog indication
- Indication that negative analog range is exceeded
- 12 Display of the unit OC when measuring temperature

#### **Environmental conditions**

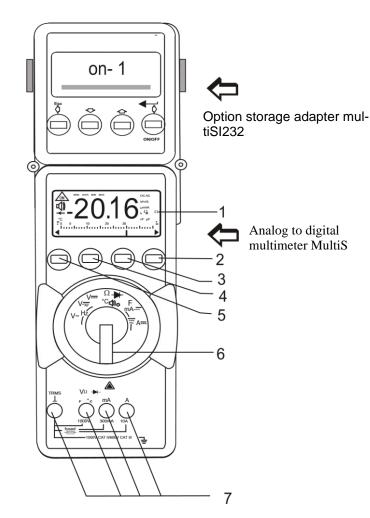
Operating tempera-	-10 to +50°C
ture	
Storage temperature	-25 to +70°C
Relative humidity	<75% non condensing
Terminal protection	IP 50 for instrument
	and IP 20 for termi-
	nals
Altitude	Up to 2000 m

#### Applicable regulations and standards

EMC Immunity	ČSN EN 61326-1 ed.2
Immunity	ČSN EN 61010-1 ed.2
Safety	ČSN EN 61010-1 ed.2
IP for water & dust	ČSN EN 60529
Pollution degree	2
Instalation category	CAT IV

#### Mechanical design

Protection	IP 50 for meters, IP 20			
	sockets			
Dimension	200 x 91 x 54 mm			
Weight	Approx. 0,35 kg with			
	batteries			



1 LC display

2 ON/OFF push-button

3 Push-button for data hold and

MIN/MAX storage

4 Push-button for manual range selection

5 Multi-function push-button

6 Switch for measurement function

7 Connection sockets with automatic blocking system

#### Sales & service

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